

BRYAN TELLS HOW TO BUILD UP EXPORTS

SPEAKS FOR THE ADMINISTRATION TO FOREIGN TRADES CONVENTION.

WILL PROTECT ALL INTERESTS

But Orders Them to so Conduct Their Business as to Need No Protection.

WASHINGTON, May 27.—Five hundred manufacturers and representatives of commercial organizations launched the first Industrial Foreign Trade convention today. At a session tonight Secretary Bryan outlined the administration's attitude toward the convention for industrial relations with other countries.

"It is impossible to do all the securities said. It is our desire to obtain for Americans equality of opportunity in the markets of the world, while the government wishes to expand its foreign trade and to encourage those who are in foreign lands to seek for American capital and loans. It cannot receive representations from contractors, the financial standing of Americans who are so in commercial or industrial interests, to limit the boundaries of the United States."

Mr. Bryan said that if wrong were done an American citizen in his negotiations with a foreign government, diplomatic efforts would be exercised to employ their good offices to secure justice, but that "the sufficient promise by this government deserved implicitly any obligation to interfere by force of its members of force in the financial or political affairs of other countries."

The state department, he added, must exercise its rights to act upon each case independently, "according to its merits."

"Let every business man who enters a foreign nation so conduct himself that those who know him will be glad to have others come," concluded Mr. Bryan. "Let him be so representative of the ideals of our nation and the honor of our land that the more business men we have in the country the higher will be our standard and the more secure our place among these people."

"That is all we ask in return for what we try to do and we shall be glad to have any business man bring us trouble that he has to the department, for it is the business of the state department to protect not only the nation's flag but every legitimate right that an American has wherever he may go."

That American business men should not submit to foreign trade restrictions imposed on them in domestic trade and which are not imposed on their competitors, was the keynote of discussions of papers read by numerous industrial leaders. Secretary Redfield, of the department of commerce, told the manufacturers he knew of no one who tried to restrict or hamper export trade. He promised to employ his aid to remove any barriers that might stand in the way of foreign trade.

Discussing foreign trade and loans, William Straight, president of the American Association, called the combination of motives that prompted the Wilson administration to withdraw governmental support from the so-called Chinese administration loan of 1911. Explaining that this was a political loan, Mr. Straight said he thought President Wilson and Secretary Bryan felt the combination of six powers was "holding a financial clasp over the head of the weak, young Republic."

Mr. Straight said: "We are still in China on one railway loan."

P. A. S. Franklin, vice-president of the Mercantile marine, defended combinations of shipping lines, while Victor L. Morn, of the New York Print exchange, contended that absence of competition in the Mediterranean trade resulted in the lack of proper facilities for bringing fruit to the United States.

P. P. Ross, president of the National Marine league, asserted foreign trade was needed to liquidate indebtedness of the United States to European investors, and contended export trade could not attain large proportions without an American foreign going merchant marine. John D. Ryan, president of the Amalgamated Copper company, argued against application of the Sherman law to combinations of American manufacturers in foreign as distinct from domestic trade.

Difficulties in the way of establishing American banks in the southern

TWO NOBLE ROAD BUILDERS—GOV. MAJOR OF MISSOURI AND HARVEY OF MONTE NE



The above snapshot was made yesterday by Beulah Wright of The World and Sun staff during the automobile tour for delegates to the Great

Trails convention. At the left is "Pete" Hayes, president of the Southwestern Roads association, and at the right is Governor Major, an enthusiastic road highway leader.

representatives described to John F. Cawley, vice-president of the National City bank of New York.

A. B. Johnson, president of the Baldwin locomotive works, Philadelphia, was elected president of the convention.

TWO AMERICANS ARE RELEASED

Were Only Held Few Hours by the Rebels.

LAREDO, Tex., May 27.—Charles and Joseph Merrivether Americans, who were arrested today by constitutionalists at Nuevo Laredo, tonight were released through the efforts of Consul Garrett, and returned to Laredo. Charles Merrivether was a conductor on the Mexican railway, and says he went to Nuevo Laredo to take a train to Monterrey. He says no reward was given for his arrest. Joseph Merrivether, a relative, hearing of the former's plight, crossed the border, looking to add him, and also was arrested.

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WILL TAKE UP THE ARBITRATION PLAN

Senate May Vote to Arbitrate Panama Canal Tolls Dispute.

WASHINGTON, May 27.—Fresh debates today was given to the proposal to arbitrate the Panama canal tolls dispute by developments in the Senate. The foreign relations committee agreed to take up at its next meeting Senator Sutherland's resolutions calling on the president to propose arbitration to Great Britain.

Senator Cummins, who opposes the repeal bill, introduced an amendment to provide for arbitration by an international tribunal of nations of the two countries and one other person to be named by them. He made the novel proposition that the judgment of this tribunal must be concurred in by one national of the country against whom it is rendered.

Senator Sterling today spoke for the repeal of the bill. Senator Walsh, an opponent of repeal, answered the recent declaration of Senator Root that American vessels which will use the Panama canal cannot be regarded as engaged in coastwise trade.

Start Hearing on Murdock Bill.

WASHINGTON, May 27.—Public hearings on the Murdock bill for a federal employment bureau will open before the house labor committee June 5. The bill proposes to create machinery to find work for the floating unemployed and meet the seasonal labor problem.

Pennsylvania Defeats Dartmouth.

PHILADELPHIA, May 27.—The University of Pennsylvania tennis team defeated Dartmouth here today five matches to none.

WINTERS NOW IN THE GREEK COUNTY JAIL

Alleged Slayer of Hennessy Brought Back From Panama to Face a Charge.

George Winters, charged with the murder of A. Hennessy at Tiptonville last winter, is now lodged in the creek county jail, where he will be held to face trial on a charge of first degree murder. Bertillon Expert Harry Stege, in company with the sheriff of Creek county, passed through Tulsa shortly after 10 o'clock last night on the Frisco with the alleged murderer.

For 10 days they have been en route to Oklahoma from Panama, where Stege went after Winters. Heavily handicapped Winters was seen last night on the train at the Frisco station, sitting between the two officers.

Sullen and apparently defiant the gun-man half blinding stared at the officers, but made no attempt to escape, knowing the close vigilance he has been held under since they started on their journey from the canal to where Winters must meet his accusers. He refused to talk to newspaper reporters.

FOUR DIE FROM THE HEAT IN PHILADELPHIA

Severe Electrical Storm Brought Hottest Day of the Year to a Close.

PHILADELPHIA, May 27.—The hottest day of the year in this vicinity was brought to a close by an electrical storm that set fire to several buildings and shattered numerous trees and poles late today. Four deaths were reported as being due to the heat in this city. The maximum temperature was reached at 1 o'clock when the thermometer registered 94. This is the highest temperature recorded here on May 27 since 1850.

Six Mexican Thieves Executed.

NOGALES, Ariz., May 27.—Six Mexicans accused of stealing cattle were executed yesterday near Nogales, Sonora, according to information received here today. Four were shot and two were hanged.

Rebels Seize the Great Coal Mines

(Continued from Page One.)

Citos, Sabinas, near where the mines are located, is half way between Piedras Negras and Monclova.

The property in which millions of dollars have been invested, will be operated for the benefit of the constitutional cause, according to constitutionalist officials. No special reason for the action at this time was given.

Rafael Muñoz, constitutionalist chief of customs at Piedras Negras, tonight stated that the confederation was done upon General Carranza's orders. Several American mine superintendents here tonight told of the effect but declined to be quoted in

the Blood If Purified With S. S. Will Resist All Germ Infection.

There are so many reasons why everyone should look to the blood for health that the action of S. S. S. as a purifier and preserver is of paramount importance. We need so much to do in so many directions so much more, all of which in right proportion maintains nutrition. But the liver, kidneys, lungs, skin and bowels must all work in co-operative harmony to convert the intake and expel it after it has served its purpose of conserving the tissues and cells of the body. And this process is repeated every few seconds throughout life. Now, as it appears with most people, the body does not expel all the waste and it remains a festering mass of putrefaction, a source of inflammation, boils, eruptions and a myriad of troubles recognized as the result of poisoned blood.

Remarkable testimonies have been written that prove beyond question there is no blood disease but what can be cured by

S. S. S. And in all those cases that were treated with mercury, iodides, arsenic, copper and other minerals with no permanent effect, the most astonishing recoveries have been made by S. S. S.

The most wonderful tint of any nature that can remain in a system purified by this most wonderful remedy, for it is absolutely pure and contains only those elements that the blood naturally eliminates, which is the greatest of all the benefits.

It agrees with the most delicate stomach, even in those cases where the use of strong drugs has so weakened the digestive system that medicine can not be given. Get a \$1.00 bottle of S. S. S. at any drug store and thus be assured of a complete cure of any eruptive blood disease. If you desire special advice write to the Swift Specific Co., Medical Dept., Swift Bldg., Atlanta, Ga.

reward to R. Mosavis and that the Constitutional forces had captured the constitutional forces, that was indeed the case, then the Constitutional forces must have been captured by Constitutional forces.

Mines Were Abandoned.

WASHINGTON, May 27.—A constitutional representative from Mexico with the mining capital in the mountains informed by their own sources that Constitutional forces had sent a force of 10,000 men to capture them because coal was sold cheap for political purposes. It was declared there was no intention to capture the property, but the constitution was temporary and made necessary to establish.

No official report on the situation had reached the city, but it was

known that the attack of Constitutional forces had been repelled by Constitutional forces.

In all his travels he had never seen anything like the amount of destruction than at Tlaxcala. This was the moment and the moment had to be seized, he said, to prevent the Constitutional forces from getting into the interior of Mexico.

Attended Social Affairs.

TOKYO, May 27.—Although the South American presidents and the American and Mexican delegations, as informed by Japanese officials, participated in the opening of the Tokyo Political conference to be opened at 10 o'clock this morning in the Hall of the Imperial Diet, the Mexican delegation did not attend. The Mexican delegation had been invited to a short conference on the Mexican problem.

The Japanese and the American delegations had agreed to hold a joint session at 10 o'clock this morning. The Japanese delegation was to be present at the opening of the conference.

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